Integration with Azure DevOps

Azure DevOps (previously known as VSTS) is an ALM solution that provides a set of cloud based tools for helping building and deploy software to the cloud.

Some teams may be using subsets of the Azure DevOps tool portfolio.

In this example we'll explore the scenario where you aim to use Azure DevOps to build and run the automated tests and finally report the results back to Xray.

Please note

Currently, Xray does not provide any plugin for Azure DevOps in order to submit automation related results. However, that can be easily achieved using the REST API, as shown in this tutorial.

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Integration scenarios

There are several integration possibilities with Azure DevOps; this documentation depicts some them.

As Azure DevOps is a "full" ALM solution, you can use some parts of it and use other tools to "replace" some built-in features.

Lets explore some integration possibilities.

Using Azure DevOps for CI

This scenario explores usage of the Pipelines facility from Azure DevOps to, similarly to what happens with other well-known CI tools, build the software and run the automated tests.

JUnit example

In this scenario, we want to get visibility of the automated test results from some tests implemented in Java, using the JUnit framework.

This recipe could also be applied for other frameworks such as NUnit, TestNG or Robot.

Within the Repos section of Azure DevOps, we need to setup the code repository containing the code along with the configuration file for Azure Pipelines build process.

The tests are implemented in a JUnit class as follows.

CalcTest.java

```
package com.xpand.java;
import org.junit.After;
import org.junit.Before;
import org.junit.Test;
import static org.hamcrest.CoreMatchers.is;
import static org.junit.Assert.assertThat;
public class CalcTest {
   @Before
   public void setUp() throws Exception {
    }
   @After
   public void tearDown() throws Exception {
    }
       @Test
    public void CanAddNumbers()
    {
        assertThat(Calculator.Add(1, 1), is(2));
       assertThat(Calculator.Add(-1, 1), is(0));
    }
   @Test
   public void CanSubtract()
    {
       assertThat(Calculator.Subtract(1, 1), is(0));
       assertThat(Calculator.Subtract(-1, -1), is(0));
       assertThat(Calculator.Subtract(100, 5), is(95));
    }
    @Test
   public void CanMultiply()
    {
        assertThat(Calculator.Multiply(1, 1), is(1));
       assertThat(Calculator.Multiply(-1, -1), is(1));
       assertThat(Calculator.Multiply(100, 5), is(500));
    }
    public void CanDivide()
    {
       assertThat(Calculator.Divide(1, 1), is(1));
       assertThat(Calculator.Divide(-1, -1), is(1));
       assertThat(Calculator.Divide(100, 5), is(20));
    }
   @Test
   public void CanDoStuff()
    {
       assertThat(true, is(true));
    }
}
```

The Azure Pipelines configuration file azure-pipelines.yml contains the definition of the build steps, including running the automated tests and submitting the results.

```
azure-pipelines.yml
# Maven
# Build your Java project and run tests with Apache Maven.
# Add steps that analyze code, save build artifacts, deploy, and more:
# https://docs.microsoft.com/azure/devops/pipelines/languages/java
trigger:
- master
pool:
 vmImage: 'Ubuntu-16.04'
steps:
- task: Maven@3
 inputs:
   mavenPomFile: 'java-junit-calc/pom.xml'
   mavenOptions: '-Xmx3072m'
   javaHomeOption: 'JDKVersion'
    jdkVersionOption: '1.11'
    jdkArchitectureOption: 'x64'
   publishJUnitResults: false
   testResultsFiles: '**/surefire-reports/TEST-*.xml'
   goals: 'clean compile test'
- bash: |
    curl -H "Content-Type: multipart/form-data" -u ${jira_user}:${jira_password} -F "file=@target/surefire-
reports/TEST-com.xpand.java.CalcTest.xml" "${jira_server_url}/rest/raven/1.0/import/execution/junit?
projectKey=${project_key}"
```

In order to submit those results, we'll just need to invoke the REST API (as detailed in Import Execution Results - REST).

However, we do not want to have the Xray API credentials hardcoded in pipeline's configuration file. Therefore, we'll use some environment variables defined in Pipeline "variables" settings, including:

- jira_user: for the Jira username
- jira_password: for the Jira user's password
- jira_server_url: for the Jira's base URL (e.g. http://yourjiraserver)
- project_key: project key

Please note

The user present in the configuration below must exist in the Jira instance and have permission to Create Test and Test Execution Issues.

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Overview	YAML Variables Triggers History	🖫 Save & queue 🗸 🏷 Discard 🛛 📰 Summa	ary Þ Queue …				
Boards	Pipeline variables	Name ↑	Value				
😢 Repos	Variable groups	jira_password					
Pipelines	Predefined variables 🗳	jira_server_url	https://sandbox.xpand-it.com/				
ظ Builds		jira_user	t				
Builds		project_key	CALC				
A Releases		system.collectionId	14a7327e-955b-48b8-b789-e785547c47a4				
🕅 Library		system.definitionId	2				
🔄 Task groups		system.teamProject	DEM02				

In azure-pipelines.yml a "bash" based step must be included that will use "curl" in order to submit the results to the REST API.

curl -H "Content-Type: multipart/form-data" -u \$(jira_user):\$(jira_password) -F "file=@target/surefire-reports
/TEST-com.xpand.java.CalcTest.xml" "\$(jira_server_url)/rest/raven/1.0/import/execution/junit?
projectKey=\$(project_key)"

We're using "curl" utility that comes in Unix based OS'es but you can easily use another tool to make the HTTP request; however, "curl" is provided in the container used by Azure DevOps.

We may now run the Pipeline build...

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D DEMO2 +	#20190418.9: Update azure-pipelines.yml for Azure Pipelines	🖋 Release 过 All logs
Overview	Manually run thu at 18:04 by Sérgio Freire 🚯 DEMO2 💱 master 🕴 22cdc72	
🕄 Boards	Logs Summary Tests	
😢 Repos	Job Job	Started: 18/04/2019, 18:07:09
Pipelines	Pool: Hosted Ubuntu 1604 - Agent: Hosted Agent	··· 2m 24s
🟜 Builds	Prepare job · succeeded	<1s
🖉 Releases	Initialize job · succeeded	1s
II\ Library	Checkout · succeeded	5s
📟 Task groups	Maven · succeeded	2m 14s
To Deployment groups	Bash · succeeded	2s
👗 Test Plans	Post-job: Checkout · succeeded	1s <1s
⊞ Artifacts	Finalize Job · succeeded	<1s
Li Attilacto	Report build status · succeeded	<1s

After results are imported, you can check them in Xray.

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Overall Execution	n Status									Dates Created: Updated: Resolved: Begin Date: End Date:	Just now Just now Just now Just now Just now
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1	CALC- 1203	CanDoStuff	Generic	0	0		Xpand IT Admin	F	PASS	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
2	CALC- 1204	CanMultiply	Generic	0	0		Xpand IT Admin	F	PASS	• •••	
3	CALC- 1205	CanSubtract	Generic	0	0		Xpand IT Admin	F	PASS	• …	
4	CALC- 1202	CanAddNumbers	Generic	1	0		Xpand IT Admin	F	PASS	• …	

Using Azure DevOps to store code and Jenkins to manage the builds

This scenario explores usage of the Repos facility from Azure DevOps to store the code and uses Jenkins as the build tool.

JUnit example

This recipe could also be applied for other frameworks such as NUnit, TestNG or Robot.

The source code is stored and managed by Repos component of Azure DevOps.

Similarly to configuring any SCVS (e.g. Git, SVN, CVS), we need to configure Jenkins to checkout the code from Azure DevOps' Repos.

General Source Co	Management Build Triggers Build E	Environment Build Post-bu	uild Actions	
Source Code Ma	agement			
NoneGit				
Repositories	Repository URL https://dev.azure.com/ Credentials sergio.freire@xpand-i	/sergiofreire/DEMO/_git/DEMO		0
			Advanced Add Repository	
Branches to build	Branch Specifier (blank for 'any') */mas	ster	X	0
			Add Branch	

Please check the URL of your repository in Azure DevOps; it should be something similar to:

https://dev.azure.com/{orgName}/{projectName}/_git/{projectName}

Jenkins > java-junit-calc_azure-devops >							
General Source	Code Management Build Triggers Build Env						
Xray: Results I	Xray: Results Import Task						
JIRA Instance	JIRA Instance xray-vm						
Format	Format JUnit XML						
Parameters	Import to Same Test Execution						
		When this option is check, if you are importing multiple execution report files using a glob expression, the results will be imported to the same Test Execution					
	Execution Report File (file path with file name)	java-junit-calc/target/surefire-reports/*.xml					
	Project Key	CALC					
	Test Execution Key						
	Test Plan Key						
	Test Environments						
	Revision						
	Fix Version	v3.0					
	Click here for more details						

Next, you can configure the remaining build process, including the build steps, in Jenkins as usual; thus, you can see the results back in Jira and Xray 🙂

Triggering automation from Xray side

Please have a look at Integration with Automation for Jira to see some examples of how automation can be triggered from Xray side.

References

- https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/devops/index?view=azure-devops&viewFallbackFrom=vsts
- https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/devops/pipelines/yaml-schema?view=azure-devops&tabs=schema
- https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/devops/pipelines/process/variables?view=azure-devops&tabs=yaml%2Cbatch
- https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/devops/pipelines/tasks/test/publish-test-results?view=azure-devops&tabs=yaml
- https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/devops/pipelines/release/integrate-jenkins-pipelines-cicd?view=azure-devops&tabs=yaml
- https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/devops/service-hooks/services/jenkins?view=azure-devops
- https://docs.microsoft.com/pt-pt/azure/devops/pipelines/languages/dotnet-core?view=azure-devops#run-your-tests
- https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/devops/pipelines/tasks/test/vstest?view=azure-devops