Integration with Jenkins



Jenkins

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Overview

Xray enables easy integration with Jenkins through the "Xray for JIRA Jenkins Plugin", providing the means for successful Continuous Integration by allowing users to report automated testing results.

Release Notes

- Xray for JIRA Jenkins Plugin 1.2.1 Release Notes
- Xray for JIRA Jenkins Plugin 1.2.0 Release Notes
- Xray for JIRA Jenkins Plugin 1.1.0 Release Notes
- Xray for JIRA Jenkins Plugin 1.0.0 Release Notes

Installation

The installation is made manually. For more information on how to install add-ons, please refer to how to install add-ons.



Requirements

This app was tested against Jenkins v2.32.x and it may not work properly with previous versions.

Manual Installation



Download the latest version of the Jenkins Plugin

You may download the latest version of the Jenkins plugin from the latest Release Notes.

If you have the actual \mathtt{xray} -for-jira-connector.hpi file,

- 1. Go to the Update Center of Jenkins in Manage Jenkins > Manage Plugins.
- 2. Select the advanced tab
- 3. In the Upload Plugin section, click upload and select the file xray-for-jira-connector.hpi file.

Configuration

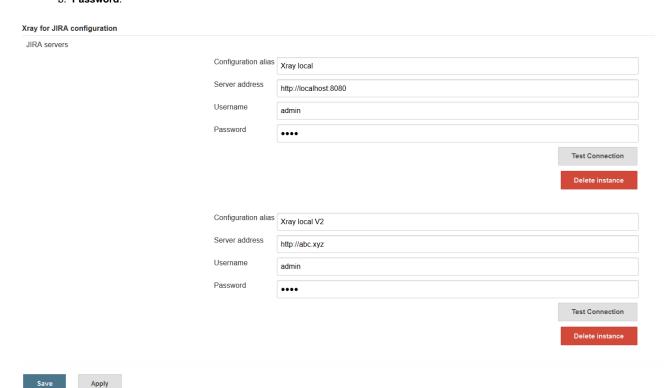
Xray for Jenkins is configured in the global settings configuration page Manage Jenkins > Configure System > Xray for Jira configuration.

Jira servers

The Jira servers configuration defines connections with Jira instances.

To add a new Jira instance connection, you need to specify some properties:

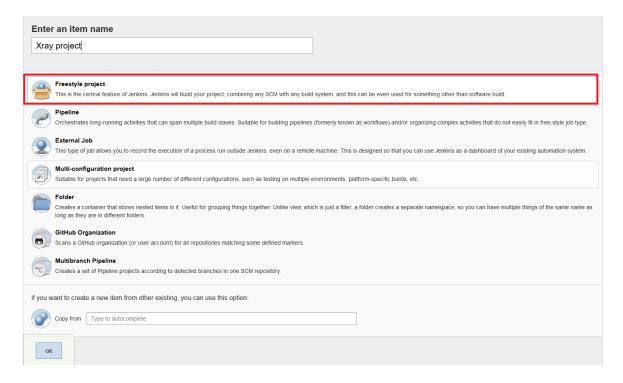
- 1. Configuration alias
- 2. Server Address: The address of the Jira Server where Xray is running
- 3. Authentication:
 - a. User: usernameb. Password.



Creating a new Project

The project is where the work that should be performed by Jenkins is configured.

For this app, you should configure a "Freestyle project". In the home page, clicking New Item > Freestyle project, provide a name, and then click OK.



Build Steps

Build steps are the building blocks of the build process. These need to be defined in the project configuration.

The app provides one build step for exporting Cucumber Scenario/Scenario Outlines from Jira as .feature files, and one post-build action which publishes the execution results back to Jira, regardless of the build process status.



Please note

The fields of the tasks may take advantage of the Jenkins Environment variables, which can be used to populate fields such as the "Revision" for specifying the source code's revision. For more information, please see Jenkins set environment variables.

Xray: Cucumber Features Export Task

This build step will export the Cucumber Tests (i.e., Scenario/Scenario Outlines) in .feature or bundled in a .zip file. The rules for exporting are defined here. It invokes Xray's Export Cucumber Tests REST API endpoint (see more information here).

Configuration

Some fields need to be configured in order to export the Cucumber Tests. As input, you can either specify issue keys (see the endpoint documention here) or the ID of the saved filter in Jira.

field	description	
Jira instan ce	The Jira instance where Xray is running	
Issue keys	Set of issue keys separated by ";"	
Filter ID	A number that indicates the filter ID	

File path

The relative path of the directory where the features should be exported to; normally, this corresponds to the "features" folder of the Cucumber project that has the implementation steps. Note: The directory will be created if it does not exist.

Xray: Results Import Task

The app provides easy access to Xray's Import Execution Results REST API endpoints (see more information here). Therefore, it mimics the endpoints input parameters.

It supports importing results in Xray's own JSON format, Cucumber, Behave, JUnit, and NUnit, among others.

Configuration

field	description
Jira instance	The Jira instance where Xray is running
Format	A list of test result formats and its specific endpoint
Execution Report File	The results relative file path
	Note: regex is not supported.

Additional fields

Depending on the chose test result format and endpoint, some additional fields may need to be configured.

format and specific endpoint	field	description
Behave JSON multipart Cucumber JSON multipart NUnit XML multipart JUnit XML multipart Robot XML multipart	Test execution fields	An object (JSON) specifying the fields for the issue. You may specify the object either directly in the field or in the file path. Learn more The custom field IDs can be obtained using the Jira REST API Browser tool included in Jira. Each ID is of the form "customfield_ID". Another option, which does not require Jira administration rights, is to invoke the "Get edit issue meta" in an existing issue (e.g., in a Test issue) as mentioned here. Example: GET http://yourserver/rest/api/2/issue/CALC-1/editmeta
AUL : VAU	Project key	Key of the project where the Test Execution (if the Test Execution Key field wasn't provided) and the Tests (if they aren't created yet) are going to be created
JUnit XML	Test execution key	Key of the Test Execution
Robot XML	Test plan key	Key of the Test Plan
	Test environments	List of Test Environments separated by ";"
	Revision	Source code's revision being target by the Test Execution
	Fix version	The Fix Version associated with the test execution (it supports only one value)

Examples

Cucumber

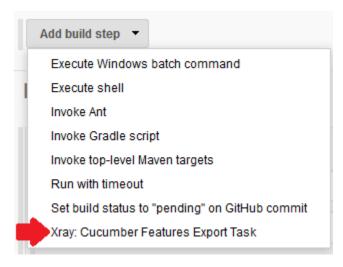
In a typical Cucumber Workflow, after having created a Cucumber project and the Cucumber tests specified in Jira, you may want to have a project that **ex ports** the features from Jira, executes the automated tests on a CI environment and then **imports** back its results.

For this scenario, the Jenkins project would be configured with a set of tasks responsible for:

- 1. Pulling the Cucumber project
- 2. Exporting Cucumber features from Jira to your Cucumber project
- 3. Executing the tests in the CI environment
- 4. Importing the execution results back to Jira

Exporting Cucumber features

To start the configuration, add the build step Xray: Cucumber Features Export Task.



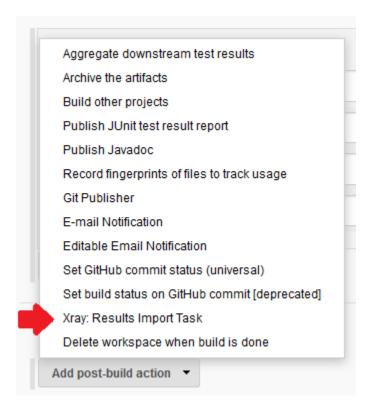
After that, configure it.

In this example, we configured the task to extract the features from a set of issues (PROJ-78 and PROJ-79) to the folder that holds the Cucumber project.



Importing the execution results

To start the configuration, add the post-build action Xray: Results Import Task.



After that, configure it.

In this example, we configured the task to import the Cucumber JSON results back to Jira.



Once all configurations are done, click Save at the bottom of the page.

After running the job, the expected result is a new Test Execution issue created in the Jira instance.



Importing the execution results with user-defined field values

For Cucumber, Behave, JUnit, Nunit and Robot, Xray for Jenkins allows you to create new Test Executions and have control over newly-created Test Execution fields. You can send two files, the normal execution result file and a JSON file similar to the one Jira uses to create new issues. More details regarding how Jira creates new issues here.

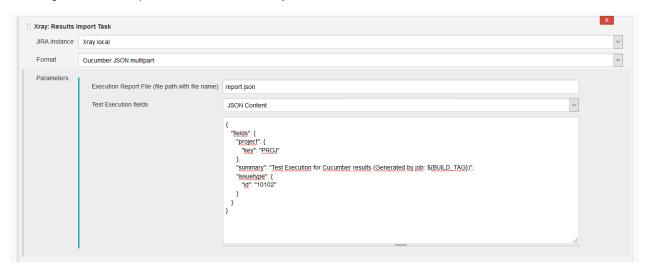
For this scenario and example, the import task needs to be configured with the **Cucumber JSON Multipart** format. When selecting this option, you can additionally configure the *Test Execution fields* in one of two ways:

- Insert the relative path to the JSON file containing the information, or
- Insert the **JSON content** directly in the field.

In this example, we configured the following object:

```
{
    "fields": {
        "project": {
            "key": "PROJ"
        },
        "summary": "Test Execution for Cucumber results (Generated by job: ${BUILD_TAG})",
        "issuetype": {
            "id": "10102"
        }
    }
}
```

And configured the task to import the Cucumber JSON Multipart results back to Jira.



Once all configurations are done, click Save at the bottom of the page.

After running the job, the expected result is a new Test Execution issue created in the Jira instance, with the Test Execution fields as specified in the Jenkins build step configuration.



JUnit

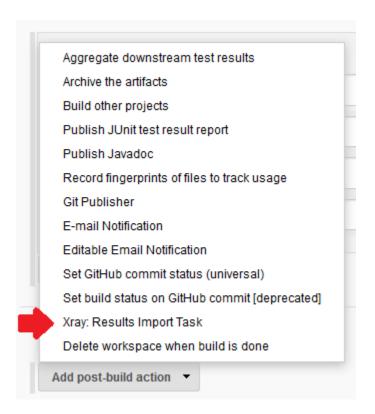
Apart from supporting Cucumber natively, Xray enables you to take advantage of many other testing frameworks like JUnit. In this sense, Xray for Jenkins lets you import results in other formats besides Cucumber JSON.

If you want to import JUnit XML reports, a typical Job outline would be:

- 1. Pulling the JUnit project
- 2. Executing the tests in the CI environment
- 3. Importing the execution results, including Tests, to JIRA

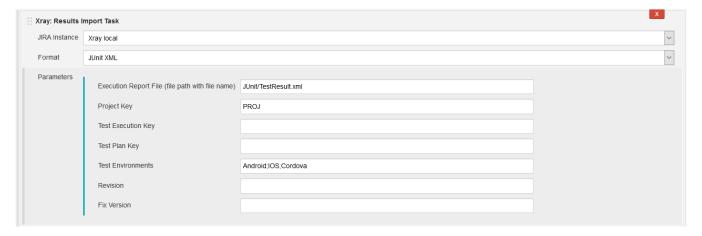
Importing the execution results

To start the configuration, add the post-build action Xray: Results Import Task.

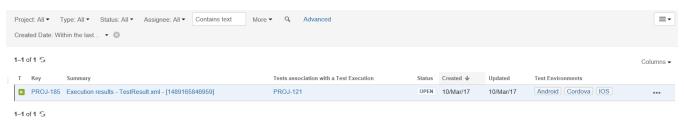


After that, configure it.

In this example, we have a configuration where the JUnit XML format is chosen.



After running the plan, the expected result is a new Test Execution issue created in the JIRA instance.



Troubleshooting

The build process is failing with status code 403

When you check the log, it has the following:



Task faile

ERROR: Unable to confirm Result of the download..... Download Failed! Status: 403 Response:

By default, when you successively try to log into Jira with the wrong credentials, the Jira instance will prompt you to provide a CAPTCHA the next time you try to log in. It is not possible to provide this information via the build process, so it will fail with status code **403 Forbidden**.

You will need to log into Jira via the browser and provide the CAPTCHA.



If you are a Jira administrator, you can go to Jira administration > User Management and reset the failed login.

