# **Integration with CircleCI**

CircleCI is a well-known CI/CD tool available on-premises and as SaaS.

Xray does not provide yet a plugin for CircleCI. However, it is easy to setup CircleCI in order to integrate it with Xray.

Since Xray provides a full REST API, you may interact with Xray, for submitting results for example.

- JUnit example
- Robot Framework example
- References

## JUnit example

In this scenario, we want to get visibility of the automated test results from some tests implemented in Java, using the JUnit framework.

This recipe could also be applied for other frameworks such as NUnit, TestNG or Robot.

We need to setup a project based on a Git repository containing the code along with the configuration for CircleCI build process.

The tests are implemented in a JUnit class as follows.

#### CalcTest.java

```
package com.xpand.java;
import org.junit.After;
import org.junit.Before;
import org.junit.Test;
import static org.hamcrest.CoreMatchers.is;
import static org.junit.Assert.assertThat;
public class CalcTest {
   @Before
   public void setUp() throws Exception {
   @After
   public void tearDown() throws Exception {
    }
        @Test
    public void CanAddNumbers()
        assertThat(Calculator.Add(1, 1), is(2));
        assertThat(Calculator.Add(-1, 1), is(0));
    }
   @Test
   public void CanSubtract()
        assertThat(Calculator.Subtract(1, 1), is(0));
        assertThat(Calculator.Subtract(-1, -1), is(0));
        assertThat(Calculator.Subtract(100, 5), is(95));
    }
    @Test
   public void CanMultiply()
        {\tt assertThat}({\tt Calculator.Multiply}(1,\ 1)\,,\ {\tt is}(1)\,)\,;
       assertThat(Calculator.Multiply(-1, -1), is(1));
       assertThat(Calculator.Multiply(100, 5), is(500));
    }
    public void CanDivide()
        assertThat(Calculator.Divide(1, 1), is(1));
        assertThat(Calculator.Divide(-1, -1), is(1));
        assertThat(Calculator.Divide(100, 5), is(20));
    }
   @Test
   public void CanDoStuff()
       assertThat(true, is(true));
}
```

The CircleCl configuration file .circleci/config.yml contains the definition of the build steps, including running the automated tests and submitting the results.

#### .circleci/config.yml

```
version: 2 # use CircleCI 2.0
jobs: # a collection of steps
 build: # runs not using Workflows must have a `build` job as entry point
   working_directory: ~/demo/java-junit-calc # directory where steps will run
   docker: # run the steps with Docker
     - image: circleci/openjdk:8-jdk-browsers # ...with this image as the primary container; this is where all
`steps` will run
   steps: # a collection of executable commands
     - checkout: # check out source code to working directory
         path: ~/demo
     - restore_cache: # restore the saved cache after the first run or if `pom.xml` has changed
         key: circleci-java-junit-calc-demo # circleci-java-junit-calc-demo-{{ checksum "pom.xml" }}
     - run: mvn dependency:go-offline # gets the project dependencies
     - run: mvn test # run the actual tests
     - save cache: # saves the project dependencies
         paths:
           - ~/.m2
         key: circleci-java-junit-calc-demo # circleci-java-junit-calc-demo-{{ checksum "pom.xml" }}
      - store_test_results: # uploads the test metadata from the `target/surefire-reports` directory so that it
can show up in the CircleCI dashboard.
         path: target/surefire-reports
     - run: 'curl -H "Content-Type: multipart/form-data" -u $jira_user:$jira_password -F "file=@target
/surefire-reports/TEST-com.xpand.java.CalcTest.xml" "$jira_server_url/rest/raven/1.0/import/execution/junit?
projectKey=CALC" '
```

In order to submit those results, we'll just need to invoke the REST API (as detailed in Import Execution Results - REST).

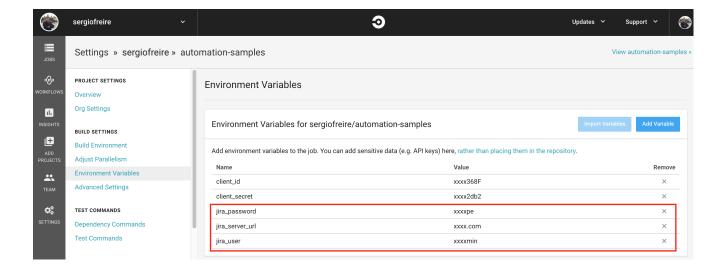
However, we do not want to have the Xray credentials hardcoded in CircleCl's configuration file. Therefore, we'll use some environment variables defined in project settings, including:

- jira\_user: for the Jira username
- jira\_password: for the Jira user's password
- jira\_server\_url: for the Jira's base URL (e.g. http://yourjiraserver)



#### Please note

The user present in the configuration below must exist in the JIRA instance and have permission to Create Test and Test Execution Issues.



In . circleci/config . yml a "step" must be included that will use "curl" in order to submit the results to the REST API.

curl -H "Content-Type: multipart/form-data" -u \$jira\_user:\$jira\_password -F "file=@target/surefire-reports/TEST-com.xpand.java.CalcTest.xml" "\$jira\_server\_url/rest/raven/1.0/import/execution/junit?projectKey=CALC"

We're using "curl" utility that comes in Unix based OS'es but you can easily use another tool to make the HTTP request; however, "curl" is provided in the container used by CircleCI.

### Robot Framework example

In this scenario, we want to get visibility of the automated test results from some UI tests implemented in Robot Framework (Python) together with Selenium (using the "robotframework-seleniumlibrary"), and using Chrome for testing.

We need to set up a Git repository containing the code along with the configuration for CircleCl build process.

The tests are implemented in Robot Framework .robot files as follows.

```
valid_login.robot
*** Settings ***
Documentation
                  A test suite with a single test for valid login.
                  This test has a workflow that is created using keywords in
. . .
                  the imported resource file.
                  resource.robot
Resource
*** Test Cases ***
Valid Login
   [Tags] UI
   Open Browser To Login Page
   Input Username
                      demo
   Input Password
                      mode
    Submit Credentials
    Welcome Page Should Be Open
    [Teardown]
                 Close Browser
```

The CircleCI configuration file .circleci/config.yml contains the definition of the build steps, including running the automated tests and submitting the results.

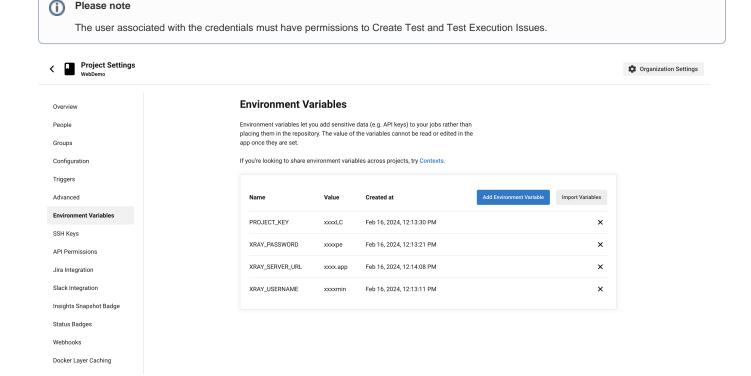
#### .circleci/config.yml

```
# Use the latest 2.1 version of CircleCI pipeline process engine.
# See: https://circleci.com/docs/configuration-reference
# For a detailed guide to building and testing with Python, read the docs:
# https://circleci.com/docs/language-python/ for more details
# Orbs are reusable packages of CircleCI configuration that you may share across projects, enabling you to
create encapsulated, parameterized commands, jobs, and executors that can be used across multiple projects.
# See: https://circleci.com/docs/orb-intro/
orbs:
 # See the Python orb documentation here: https://circleci.com/developer/orbs/orb/circleci/python
 python: circleci/python@2.1.1
 browser-tools: circleci/browser-tools@1.4.6
# Define a job to be invoked later in a workflow.
# See: https://circleci.com/docs/jobs-steps/#jobs-overview & https://circleci.com/docs/configuration-reference
/#jobs
jobs:
 build-and-test:
    # Specify the execution environment. You can specify an image from Docker Hub or use one of our convenience
images from CircleCI's Developer Hub.
    # See: https://circleci.com/docs/executor-intro/ & https://circleci.com/docs/configuration-reference
/#executor-job
   docker:
     # Specify the version you desire here
      # See:https://circleci.com/developer/images/image/cimg/python
      - image: cimg/python:3.12-browsers
    # Add steps to the job
    # See: https://circleci.com/docs/jobs-steps/#steps-overview & https://circleci.com/docs/configuration-
reference/#steps
   steps:
     # Checkout the code as the first step.
      - checkout
      - python/install-packages:
         pkg-manager: pip
          # app-dir: ~/project/package-directory/ # If your requirements.txt isn't in the root directory.
          # pip-dependency-file: test-requirements.txt # if you have a different name for your requirements
file, maybe one that combines your runtime and test requirements.
      # get server up and running in the background
      - run:
         name: Run webserver to be target by tests
         command: python demoapp/server.py
         background: true
      - run:
         name: Run tests
          # This assumes Robot Framework is installed via the install-package step above
          command: robot -x junit.xml -o output.xml login_tests || true
      - run:
         name: Upload results to Xray DC
          command: |
            echo uploading RF output.xml, if available, to Xray...
            [ -f output.xml ] && curl -H "Content-Type: multipart/form-data" -u $XRAY_USERNAME:$XRAY_PASSWORD -
F "file=@output.xml" "$XRAY_SERVER_URL/rest/raven/2.0/import/execution/robot?projectKey=$PROJECT_KEY"
      - store test results:
         path: junit.xml
          when: always
# Orchestrate jobs using workflows
# See: https://circleci.com/docs/workflows/ & https://circleci.com/docs/configuration-reference/#workflows
workflows:
 sample: # This is the name of the workflow, feel free to change it to better match your workflow.
    # Inside the workflow, you define the jobs you want to run.
    jobs:
      - build-and-test
```

In order to submit those results, we'll just need to invoke the REST API (as detailed in Import Execution Results - REST).

However, we do not want to have the Xray API credentials hardcoded in the CircleCl's configuration file. Therefore, we'll use environment variables defined in the project settings, including:

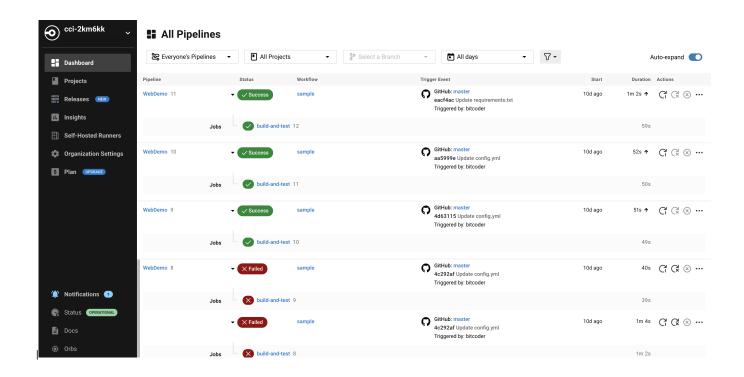
- XRAY\_SERVER\_URL: Jira's base URL
- XRAY USERNAME: the username used in the REST API
- XRAY\_PASSWORD: the password used in the REST API
- PROJECT\_KEY: Jira project

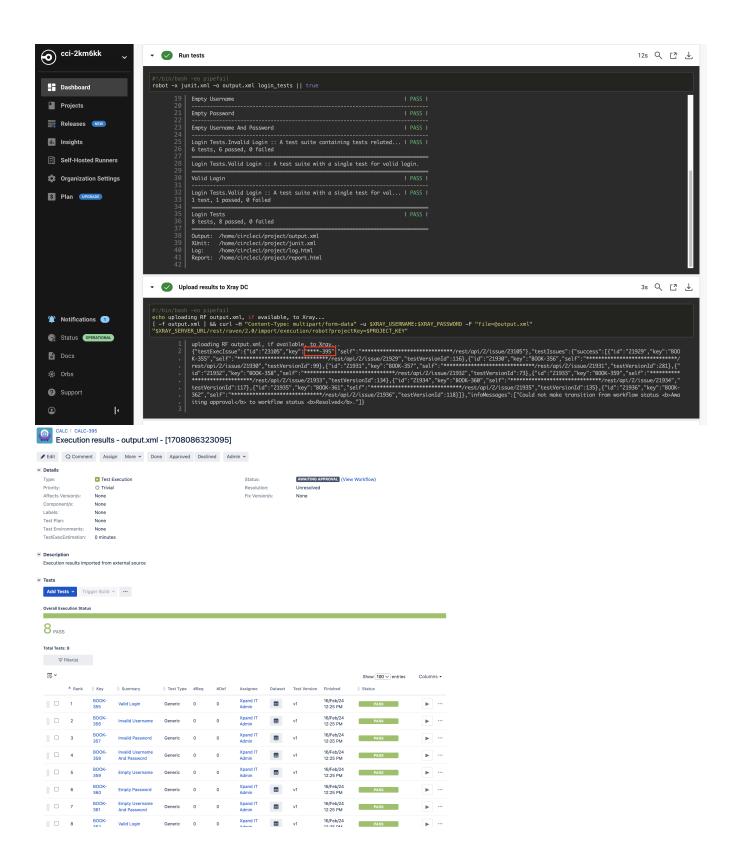


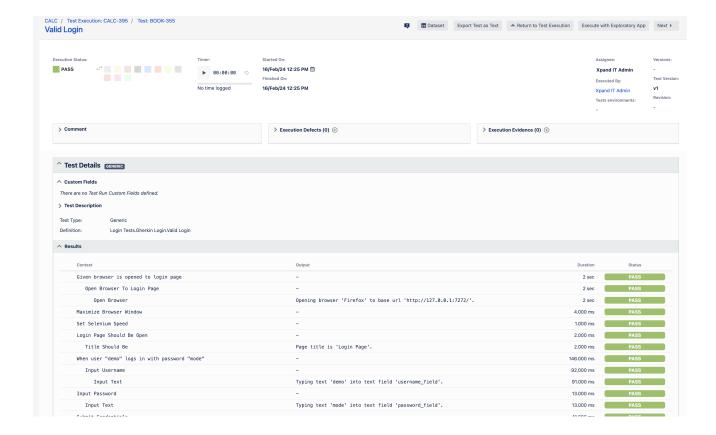
 $In \ . \verb|circleci/config.yml| a "step" must be included that will use "curl" in order to submit the results to the REST API, using the Xray/Jira credentials.$ 

```
curl -H "Content-Type: multipart/form-data" -u $XRAY_USERNAME:$XRAY_PASSWORD -F "file=@output.xml"
"$XRAY_SERVER_URL/rest/raven/2.0/import/execution/robot?projectKey=$PROJECT_KEY"
```

We're using "curl" utility that comes in Unix based OS'es but you can easily use another tool to make the HTTP request; however, "curl" is provided in the container used by CircleCI.







## References

• https://circleci.com/docs/2.0/configuration-reference/

