

# Integration with GitHub

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GitHub is a well-known platform hosting thousands of source-code repositories.

Besides, it also provides issue tracking and basic project management capabilities.

More recently, GitHub provided the ability to automate workflows using [GitHub Actions](#).

With GitHub Actions, it's possible to implement CI/CD directly in GitHub and reuse already available [actions from GitHub Marketplace](#) to automate steps .

An introduction to GitHub actions can be seen [here](#).

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## Main concepts

In a nutshell, **workflows** are automated processes described as YAML files, stored under `.github/workflows`. These are usually triggered by events (e.g. code-commit, pull-request) or can also be scheduled.

One or more workflows can be defined. Each **workflow** is in turn composed by one or more **jobs**, that can run sequentially or in parallel. A **job** performs a set of sequential **steps** to achieve a certain goal. A **step** is an individual automation task; it can be either an **action** or simply a shell command.

An **action** abstracts some automation task; it can be named and versioned. Actions can be implemented directly in Javascript or as Docker containers. GitHub also supports composite actions built of multiple inner steps.

Actions and workflows can be stored in the local repository; actions can also be published in the GitHub Marketplace.

Each time a workflow is triggered, a **workflow run** is created; it contains a specific context. Each job in the workflow uses a fresh virtual environment (e.g. ubuntu-latest) sharing the same virtual file system.

## Accessing and sharing data

A job can generate [output variables](#) that can be used by another job that depends on it; this is the preferred way to share data between jobs.

Another way of sharing data, especially between jobs, would be to produce and store artifact(s) in a job and obtain them in another job.

Environment variables can also be used to access some data and share them, with care. [Environment variables](#) are available at workflow, job or step level. GitHub fills out some environment variables by default.

It's also possible to access [secrets](#) defined in GitHub project settings, as environment variables or as a step input.

## Examples

### Basic JUnit example

In this basic example showcasing a dummy calculator, we want to get visibility of the automated test results from some tests implemented in Java, using the JUnit framework.



#### Please note

The source code for this example is available in [this GitHub repository](#).

## CalcTest.java

```
package com.xpand.java;

import org.junit.After;
import org.junit.Before;
import org.junit.Test;

import static org.hamcrest.CoreMatchers.is;
import static org.junit.Assert.assertThat;

public class CalcTest {

    @Before
    public void setUp() throws Exception {

    }

    @After
    public void tearDown() throws Exception {

    }

    @Test
    public void CanAddNumbers()
    {
        assertThat(Calculator.Add(1, 1), is(2));
        assertThat(Calculator.Add(-1, 1), is(0));
    }

    @Test
    public void CanSubtract()
    {
        assertThat(Calculator.Subtract(1, 1), is(0));
        assertThat(Calculator.Subtract(-1, -1), is(0));
        assertThat(Calculator.Subtract(100, 5), is(95));
    }

    @Test
    public void CanMultiply()
    {
        assertThat(Calculator.Multiply(1, 1), is(1));
        assertThat(Calculator.Multiply(-1, -1), is(1));
        assertThat(Calculator.Multiply(100, 5), is(500));
    }

    public void CanDivide()
    {
        assertThat(Calculator.Divide(1, 1), is(1));
        assertThat(Calculator.Divide(-1, -1), is(1));
        assertThat(Calculator.Divide(100, 5), is(20));
    }

    @Test
    public void CanDoStuff()
    {
        assertThat(true, is(true));
    }

}
```

To implement the continuous integration, we'll implement a specific *workflow* for it and store it `.github/workflows/CI-jira-onpremises-example.yaml`.

We'll use the [actions/checkout](#) action to checkout the code from our repository to the virtual environment. This action is one of the "standard" actions provided by GitHub (check full list [here](#)).

To compile the code, we need to use a JDK; we can use the action [actions/setup-java](#) which allows us to choose the specific Java version.

We use Maven to build and run the tests.

#### **.github/workflows/CI-jira-onpremises-example.yaml**

```
name: CI (Jira on-premises example)
on: [push]
jobs:
  build:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest

    steps:
      - uses: actions/checkout@v1
      - name: Set up Java
        uses: actions/setup-java@v1
        with:
          java-version: '1.8'
      - name: Cache Maven packages
        uses: actions/cache@v2
        with:
          path: ~/.m2
          key: ${{ runner.os }}-m2-${{ hashFiles('**/pom.xml') }}
          restore-keys: ${{ runner.os }}-m2
      - name: Build with Maven
        run: mvn clean compile test --file pom.xml
      - name: Submit results to Xray
        env:
          JIRA_SERVER_URL: ${{ secrets.jira_server_url }}
          JIRA_USERNAME: ${{ secrets.jira_username }}
          JIRA_PASSWORD: ${{ secrets.jira_password }}
        run: 'curl -H "Content-Type: multipart/form-data" -u $JIRA_USERNAME:$JIRA_PASSWORD -F "file=@target/surefire-reports/TEST-com.xpand.java.CalcTest.xml" "$JIRA_SERVER_URL/rest/raven/1.0/import/execution/junit?projectKey=CALC"'
```

In order to submit those results to Xray, we'll just need to invoke the REST API (as detailed in [Import Execution Results - REST](#)).

However, we do not want to have the Jira credentials hardcoded in the configuration file. Therefore, we'll use some secret variables defined in GitHub project settings.

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Unwatch 1

Code Issues Pull requests Actions Projects Wiki Security Insights Settings

Options

- Manage access
- Security & analysis
- Branches
- Webhooks
- Notifications
- Integrations
- Deploy keys
- Actions
- Secrets**
- Moderation settings

### Secrets

New repository secret

Secrets are environment variables that are **encrypted**. Anyone with **collaborator** access to this repository can use these secrets for Actions. Secrets are not passed to workflows that are triggered by a pull request from a fork. [Learn more](#).

**There are no secrets for this repository.**

Encrypted secrets allow you to store sensitive information, such as access tokens, in your repository.

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Code Issues Pull requests Actions Projects Wiki Security Insights Settings

Options

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### Secrets / New secret

Name

jira\_username

Value

admin

Add secret

Some parameters may be hardcoded on the HTTP request used to submit the result; this is up to you to define what makes sense to be explicit on the request or what could be set, for example, using a secret variable in GitHub.



#### Please note

The Jira username must exist in the Jira instance and have permission to create Test and Test Execution Issues.

To see the runs for your workflows (i.e. workflow runs), you may access Actions tab in your repository browser.

Workflows

New workflow

All workflows

🔍 CI (Jira on-premises example)

All workflows

🔍 Filter workflows

7 results	Event	Status	Branch	Actor
✓ Merge branch 'main' of https://github.com/bitcoder/t... CI (Jira on-premises example) #1: Commit d1cc2ae pushed by bitcoder	main	2 minutes ago 40s	...	
✓ Update README.md CI #6: Commit d734f81 pushed by bitcoder	main	21 minutes ago 38s	...	
✓ add Maven caching CI #5: Commit cfa263e pushed by bitcoder	main	41 minutes ago 42s	...	
✓ fix syntax and escape curl command CI #4: Commit eb0fac5 pushed by bitcoder	main	1 hour ago 1m 31s	...	
✗ submit results to Xray CI #3: Commit 99e4492 pushed by bitcoder	main	1 hour ago 1s	...	
✓ fix typo CI #2: Commit dd98f5f pushed by bitcoder	main	1 hour ago 1m 42s	...	
✗ add CI workflow CI #1: Commit 17825e1 pushed by bitcoder	main	1 hour ago Failure	...	

Workflows

New workflow

All workflows

🔍 CI (Jira on-premises example)

CI (Jira on-premises example)

🔍 workflow:"CI (Jira on-premises example)"

1 result	Event	Status	Branch	Actor
✓ Merge branch 'main' of https://github.com/bitcoder/t... CI (Jira on-premises example) #1: Commit d1cc2ae pushed by bitcoder	main	3 minutes ago 40s	...	

Clicking in the last event that triggered the workflow run will show the details.

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Unwatch1Star0Fork0

<> CodeIssuesPull requestsActionsProjectsWikiSecurityInsightsSettings

Merge branch 'main' of https://github.com/bitcoder/tuto...

mainSergio Freire → d1cc2ae

Re-run jobs

CI (Jira on-premises example)

on: push

build

build

succeeded 3 minutes ago in 20s

Search logs

Set up job

Run actions/checkout@v1

Set up Java

Cache Maven packages

Build with Maven

Submit results to Xray

Post Cache Maven packages

Post Set up Java

Complete job

```
1 ▶ Run curl -H "Content-Type: multipart/form-data" -u $JIRA_USERNAME:$JIRA_PASSWORD -F "file=target/surefire-reports/TEST-com.xpand.java.CalcTest.xml"
  "$JIRA_SERVER_URL/rest/raven/1.0/import/execution/junit?projectKey=CALC"
11 % Total    % Received % Xferd  Average Speed   Time    Time     Time
12      0      0     0     0      0     0      0      0      0  --:--:-- --:--:-- --:--:--
13
14 0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  0  --:--:-- --:--:-- --:--:-- 0
15 100 5482  0  0 100 5482  0 7398 --:--:-- --:--:-- --:--:-- 7388
16 100 5981  0  0 100 5482  672 7388 --:--:-- --:--:-- --:--:-- 8049
17 {"testExecIssue":{"id":"20746","key":"CALC-7","self":"***rest/api/2/issue/20746"},"testIssues":{"success":[{"id":"20733","key":"CALC-4","self":"***rest/api/2/issue/20733"},
{"id":"20734","key":"CALC-5","self":"***rest/api/2/issue/20734"}, {"id":"20731","key":"CALC-2","self":"***rest/api/2/issue/20731"}, {"id":"20732","key":"CALC-
3","self":"***rest/api/2/issue/20732"}]}}
```

In Jira, Xray now shows the results of the automated tests in a brand new Test Execution issue. Test issues corresponding to each test method will be auto-provisioned, if they don't exist yet; otherwise, results will be reported against existing Tests.

CALC / CALC-7

Execution results - TEST-com.xpand.java.CalcTest.xml - [1606232305903]

EditCommentAssignMoreStart ProgressResolve IssueClose IssueAdmin

Details

Type:Test ExecutionStatus:OPEN (View Workflow)

Priority:TrivialResolution:Unresolved

Labels:None

Test Plan:None

Test Environments:None

Description

Execution results imported from external source

Tests

+ Add

Overall Execution Status

4 PASS

Total Tests: 4

Filter(s)

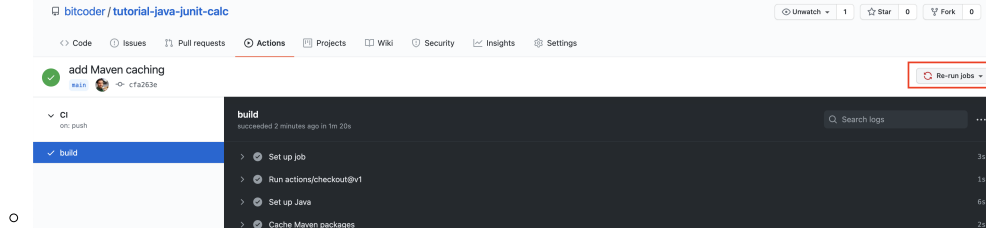
Apply Rank

Show 100 entriesColumns

Rank	Key	Summary	Test Type	#Req	#Def	Assignee	Status
2	CALC-5	CanSubtract	Generic	0	0	Xpand IT Admin	PASS
1	CALC-4	CanMultiply	Generic	0	0	Xpand IT Admin	PASS
4	CALC-3	CanDoStuff	Generic	0	0	Xpand IT Admin	PASS
3	CALC-2	CanAddNumbers	Generic	0	0	Xpand IT Admin	PASS

# Tips

- for editing workflow YAML files, you can do it directly from GitHub UI as it provides syntax highlighting, auto-completion, and more
- in the workflow definition, configure it to cache Maven dependencies (more info [here](#))
- it's possible to re-run jobs from GitHub UI



- instead of using `curl` command to interact with Xray REST API, you can abstract it in a GitHub Action and use input parameters to be passed to the REST call

## References

- [Introduction to GitHub Actions](#)
- [Building and testing Java with Maven with GitHub Actions](#)