Integration with Jenkins



Jenkins

- Overview
- Release Notes
- Installation
 - Manual Installation
 - O Jenkins Native Installation (via web UI)
- Configuration
 - Jira servers
- Creating a new Project
- **Build Steps**
 - Xray: Cucumber Features Export Task
 - Configuration
 - O Xray: Cucumber Features Import Task
 - Xray: Results Import Task
 - Configuration
 - Additional fields
 - o Xray: Build Environment Variables
- Examples
 - Cucumber
 - Exporting Cucumber features
 - Importing Cucumber features
 - Importing the execution results
 - Importing the execution results with user-defined field values
 - JUnit
 - Importing the execution results
- Pipeline projects support
 - Step: XrayImportBuilder (import test execution results)
 - Step: XrayExportBuilder (export cucumber features from Jira to Jenkins)
 - Step: XrayImportFeatureBuilder (import cucumber features from Jenkins to Jira)
 - Cucumber Workflow suggestions

 - Cucumber ("standard" workflow)
 Cucumber ("VCS/Git based" workflow)
 - Using parameters
 - Recommendations
- Jira instances configuration via Groovy script (Jenkins Script Console)
- Troubleshooting
 - The build process is failing with status code 403
 - The Jira xxx configuration of this task was not found

Overview

Xray enables easy integration with Jenkins through the "Xray for JIRA Jenkins Plugin", providing the means for successful Continuous Integration by allowing users to report automated testing results.

Release Notes

- Xray for Jira Jenkins Plugin 2.6.1 Release Notes
- Xray for Jira Jenkins Plugin 2.6.0 Release Notes
- Xray for Jira Jenkins Plugin 2.5.3 Release Notes

- Xray for Jira Jenkins Plugin 2.5.2.1 Release Notes
- Xray for Jira Jenkins Plugin 2.5.1 Release Notes
- Xray for Jira Jenkins Plugin 2.5.0 Release Notes
- Xray for Jira Jenkins Plugin 2.4.1 Release Notes
- Xray for Jira Jenkins Plugin 2.4.0 Release Notes
- Xray for Jira Jenkins Plugin 2.3.1 Release Notes
- Xray for Jira Jenkins Plugin 2.3.0 Release Notes
- Xray for JIRA Jenkins Plugin 2.2.0 Release Notes
- Xray for JIRA Jenkins Plugin 2.1.2 Release Notes
- Xray for JIRA Jenkins Plugin 1.0.0 Release Notes
 Xray for JIRA Jenkins Plugin 1.0.0 Release Notes
- Xray for JIRA Jenkins Plugin 1.1.0 Release Notes
- Xray for JIRA Jenkins Plugin 1.2.0 Release Notes
 Xray for JIRA Jenkins Plugin 1.2.1 Release Notes
- Xray for JIRA Jenkins Plugin 1.3.0 Release Notes
- Xray for JIRA Jenkins Plugin 2.0.0 Release Notes
- Xray for JIRA Jenkins Plugin 2.1.1 Release Notes

Installation

The installation is made manually. For more information on how to install add-ons, please refer to how to install add-ons.



Requirements

The Jenkins baseline for this app is v2.138.4 and it may not work properly with previous versions.

Manual Installation



Download the latest version of the Jenkins Plugin

You may download the latest version of the Jenkins plugin from the latest Release Notes.

If you have the actual xray-connector.hpi file,

- 1. Go to the Update Center of Jenkins in Manage Jenkins > Manage Plugins.
- 2. Select the advanced tab
- 3. In the Upload Plugin section, click upload and select the file xray-connector.hpi file.

Jenkins Native Installation (via web UI)

Since version 2.1.0, you can install the plugin by using the Jenkins native Web UI. You can read more about how to to it here.

Configuration

Xray for Jenkins is configured in the global settings configuration page Manage Jenkins > Configure System > Xray for Jira configuration.

Jira servers

The Jira servers configuration defines connections with Jira instances.

To add a new Jira instance connection, you need to specify some properties:

- 1. Configuration alias
- 2. Hosting: Hosting (instance type) in this case Server/Data Center.
- 3. Server Address: The address of the Jira Server where Xray is running
- 4. Credentials:
 - a. Use the Jenkins Credentials Plugin to set the username/password (if you are using a Server/Data Center instance).
 - b. Make sure that the user you are using have the following permissions in the projects where you want to import the results and import /export feature files: View, Edit, Create.

c. **This field is optional** - if you don't want to use a System scoped credential to authenticate in your instance, you can leave this field empty and force the users to use an User scoped credential in the build task.

Note: the Configuration ID is not editable. This value can be used in the pipelines scripts.



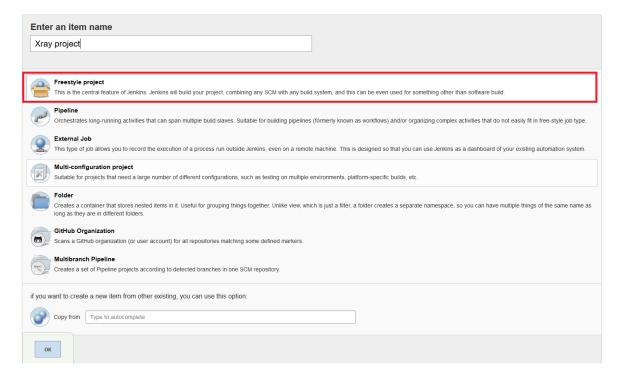
Creating a new Project

The project is where the work that should be performed by Jenkins is configured.

For this app, you can configure:

- Freestyle projects
- Maven Projects
- Multi-configuration Projects
- Pipeline Projects

In the home page, clicking for example New Item > Freestyle project, provide a name, and then click OK.



Build Steps

Build steps are the building blocks of the build process. These need to be defined in the project configuration.

The app provides

- one build step for exporting Cucumber Scenario/Scenario Outlines from Jira as .feature files
- one build step for importing Cucumber Tests from existing Cucumber features into Jira.
- one post-build action which publishes the execution results back to Jira, regardless of the build process status.



Please note

The fields of the tasks may take advantage of the Jenkins Environment variables, which can be used to populate fields such as the "Revision" for specifying the source code's revision. For more information, please see Jenkins set environment variables.

Xray: Cucumber Features Export Task

This build step will export the Cucumber Tests (i.e., Scenario/Scenario Outlines) in .feature or bundled in a .zip file. The rules for exporting are defined here.

It invokes Xray's Export Cucumber Tests REST API endpoint (see more information here).

Configuration

Some fields need to be configured in order to export the Cucumber Tests. As input, you can either specify issue keys (see the endpoint documention here) or the ID of the saved filter in Jira.

field	description
Jira instan ce	The Jira instance where Xray is running
Crede ntials	If the above Jira Instance does not have any credential configured, you must define an User scoped credential here
Issue keys	Set of issue keys separated by ";"
Filter ID	A number that indicates the filter ID
File path	The relative path of the directory where the features should be exported to; normally, this corresponds to the "features" folder of the Cucumber project that has the implementation steps. Note: The directory will be created if it does not exist.

Xray: Cucumber Features Import Task

This build step will import existing cucumber Tests from existing Cucumber feature files into Xray issues. This Task will import from .feature files and also from .zip files.

It invokes Xray's Import Cumcumber Tests REST API endpoint (see more information here)

field	decription	
JIRA instance The Jira instance where Xray is running.		
Credentials	If the above Jira Instance does not have any credential configured, you must define an User scoped credential here	
Project Key	This is the project where the Tests and Pre-Conditions will be created/updated.	
Cucumber feature files directory	This is the directory containing your feature files. All the files in this directory and sub directories will be imported. Supports both <i>relative</i> and <i>absolute</i> paths.	
Modified in the last hours	By entering an integer n here, only files that where modified in the last n hours will be imported. Leave empty if you do not want to use this parameter.	

Xray: Results Import Task

The app provides easy access to Xray's Import Execution Results REST API endpoints (see more information here). Therefore, it mimics the endpoints input parameters.

It supports importing results in Xray's own JSON format, Cucumber, Behave, JUnit, and NUnit, among others.

Using a glob expression, you can import multiple results files in the following formats:

- JUnitTestNG
- NUnit
- Robot framework

For those formats, the file path needs to be relative to the workspace.

Configuration

field	description
Jira instance	The Jira instance where Xray is running
Credentials	If the above Jira Instance does not have any credential configured, you must define an User scoped credential here
Format	A list of test result formats and its specific endpoint
Execution Report File	The results relative or absolute file path Note: glob expressions are supported for JUnit JUnit Multipart TestNG TestNG Multipart NUnit NUnit Nunit Robot framework Robot framework Multipart

Additional fields

Depending on the chose test result format and endpoint, some additional fields may need to be configured.

Format and specific endpoint	Field	Description	
Behave JSON multipart	Import to Same Test Execution	When this option is check, if you are importing multiple execution report files using a glob expression, the results will be imported to the same Test Execution	
Cucumber JSON multipart NUnit XML multipart JUnit XML multipart Robot XML multipart	Test execution fields	An object (JSON) specifying the fields for the issue. You may specify the object either directly in the field or in the file path.	
TestNG XML multipart		The custom field IDs can be obtained using the Jira REST API Browser tool included in Jira. Each ID is of the form "customfield_ID". Another option, which does not require Jira administration rights, is to invoke the "Get edit issue meta" in an existing issue (e.g., in a Test issue) as mentioned here. Example: GET http://yourserver/rest/api/2/issue/CALC-1/editmeta	
	Import in parallel	If there are several result files, when this checkbox is selected, we will import all the files in parallel (using all available CPU cores)	
NUnit XML	Import to Same Test Execution	When this option is check, if you are importing multiple execution report files using a glob express the results will be imported to the same Test Execution	
JUnit XML	Project key	Key of the project where the Test Execution (if the T est Execution Key field wasn't provided) at the Tests (if they aren't created yet) are going to be created	
Robot XML	Test execution key	Key of the Test Execution	
TESTING VIVIE	Test plan key	Key of the Test Plan	

Test environn		nvironments separated by ";"
Revision	Source code's	s revision being target by the Test Execution
Fix versi	on The Fix Versi	on associated with the test execution (it supports only one value)
Import in	•	everal result files, when this checkbox is selected, we will import all the files in parallel lable CPU cores)

Xray: Build Environment Variables

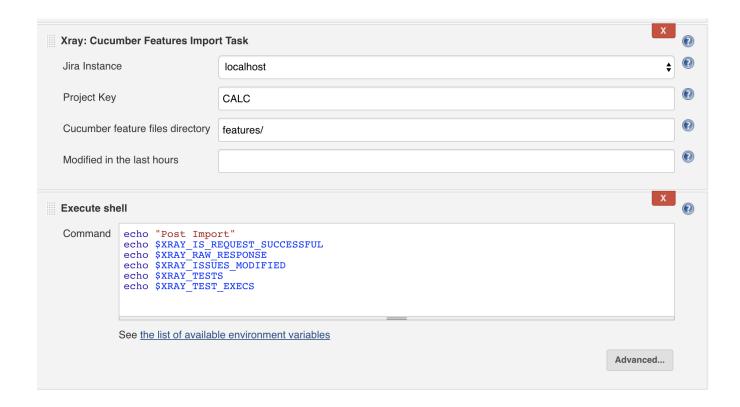
Since version 2.2.0, the Xray plugin will now set some build environment variables according to the operation result after each of the Xray Steps mentioned above.

Build Environment Variable Name	Meaning and Value
XRAY_IS_REQUES T_SUCCESSFUL	Contains the string 'true' if all requests made by the step were successful, or 'false' otherwise.
XRAY_ISSUES_MO DIFIED	All Issue keys that were modified and/or created by the step, separated by ';' with no duplicated entries (E.g. 'CALC-100;CALC-101;CALC-102').
XRAY_RAW_RESP ONSE	The unprocessed JSON response of all requests made by the step, separated by ';'.
XRAY_TEST_EXECS	All Test Execution Issue keys that were modified and/or created by the step, separated by ';' with no duplicated entries (E.g. 'CALC-200;CALC-201;CALC-202'). Please note that in same cases, it will be not possible to determine the issue type of the Issue key returned in the request response and in that case, the key it will only be added to the XRAY_ISSUES_MODIFIED variable.
XRAY_TEST	All Test Issue keys that were modified and/or created by the step, separated by ';' with no duplicated entries (E.g. 'CALC-300; CALC-301;CALC-302'). Please note that in same cases, it will be not possible to determine the issue type of the Issue key returned in the request response and in that case, the key it will only be added to the XRAY_ISSUES_MODIFIED variable.



(i) Pipeline Project Limitations

Due to Jenkins limitations, these variables will not be set on Pipeline projects.



Examples

Cucumber

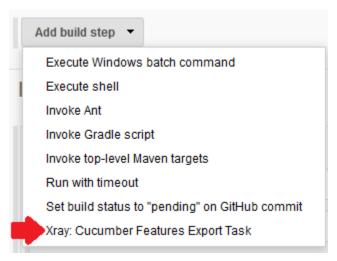
In a typical Cucumber Workflow, after having created a Cucumber project and the Cucumber tests specified in Jira, you may want to have a project that **exports** the features from Jira, executes the automated tests on a CI environment and then **imports** back its results.

For this scenario, the Jenkins project would be configured with a set of tasks responsible for:

- 1. Pulling the Cucumber project
- 2. Exporting Cucumber features from Jira to your Cucumber project
- 3. Executing the tests in the CI environment
- 4. Importing the execution results back to Jira

Exporting Cucumber features

To start the configuration, add the build step Xray: Cucumber Features Export Task.



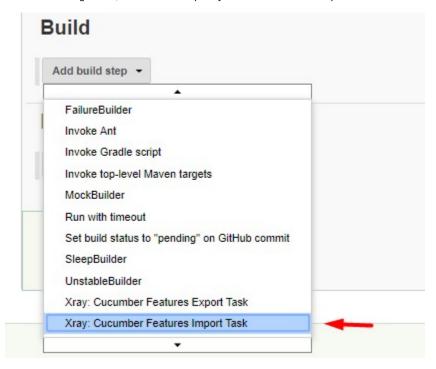
After that, configure it.

In this example, we configured the task to extract the features from a set of issues (PROJ-78 and PROJ-79) to the folder that holds the Cucumber project.



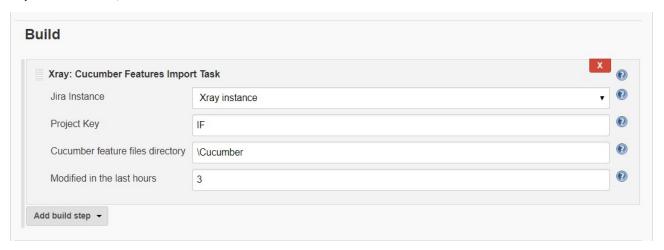
Importing Cucumber features

To start the configuration, add the build step Xray: Cucumber Features Import Task.



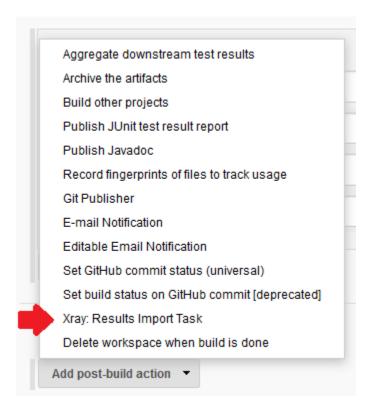
After that, configure it.

In this example, we configured the task to import to the Project IF of the Xray instance all the .features and .zip files that are contained in \Cucumber directory and sub directories, which were modified in the last 3 hours.



Importing the execution results

To start the configuration, add the post-build action Xray: Results Import Task.



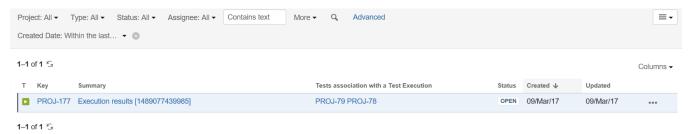
After that, configure it.

In this example, we configured the task to import the Cucumber JSON results back to Jira.



Once all configurations are done, click Save at the bottom of the page.

After running the job, the expected result is a new Test Execution issue created in the Jira instance.



Importing the execution results with user-defined field values

For Cucumber, Behave, JUnit, Nunit and Robot, Xray for Jenkins allows you to create new Test Executions and have control over newly-created Test Execution fields. You can send two files, the normal execution result file and a JSON file similar to the one Jira uses to create new issues. More details regarding how Jira creates new issues here.

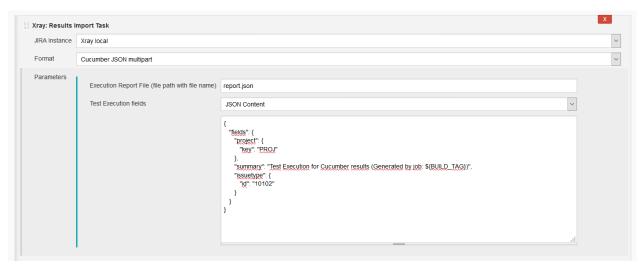
For this scenario and example, the import task needs to be configured with the **Cucumber JSON Multipart** format. When selecting this option, you can additionally configure the *Test Execution fields* in one of two ways:

- · Insert the relative path to the JSON file containing the information, or
- Insert the JSON content directly in the field.

In this example, we configured the following object:

```
{
   "fields": {
        "project": {
            "key": "PROJ"
      },
      "summary": "Test Execution for Cucumber results (Generated by job: ${BUILD_TAG})",
      "issuetype": {
            "id": "10102"
      }
   }
}
```

And configured the task to import the Cucumber JSON Multipart results back to Jira.



Once all configurations are done, click Save at the bottom of the page.

After running the job, the expected result is a new Test Execution issue created in the Jira instance, with the Test Execution fields as specified in the Jenkins build step configuration.



JUnit

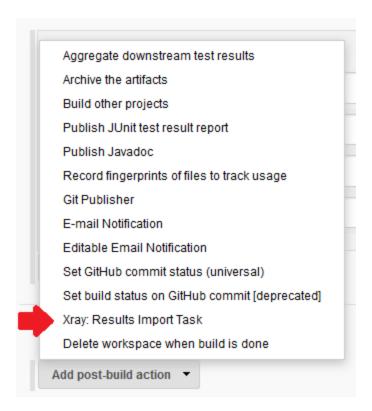
Apart from supporting Cucumber natively, Xray enables you to take advantage of many other testing frameworks like JUnit. In this sense, Xray for Jenkins lets you import results in other formats besides Cucumber JSON.

If you want to import JUnit XML reports, a typical Job outline would be:

- 1. Pulling the JUnit project
- 2. Executing the tests in the CI environment
- 3. Importing the execution results, including Tests, to JIRA

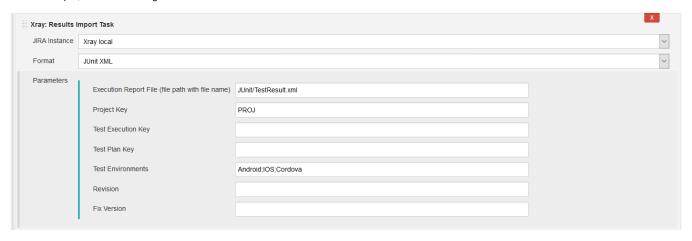
Importing the execution results

To start the configuration, add the post-build action Xray: Results Import Task.

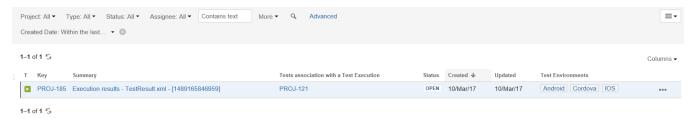


After that, configure it.

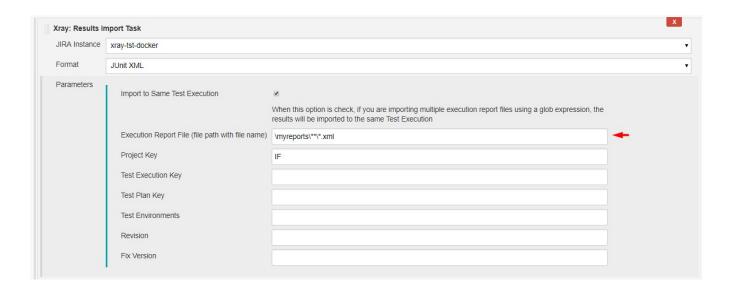
In this example, we have a configuration where the **JUnit XML** format is chosen.



After running the plan, the expected result is a new Test Execution issue created in the JIRA instance.

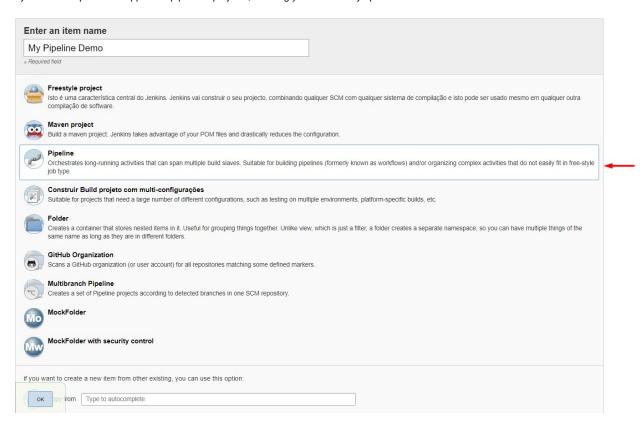


You can also import multiple results using a glob expression, like in the following example



Pipeline projects support

Xray for Jenkins provides support for pipelines projects, allowing you to use Xray specific tasks.



There are 3 available steps to be used in a Pipeline project:

- XrayImportBuilder Import test results (Junit, NUnit, etc...) from your Jenkins job to Jira
- XrayExportBuilder Export feature files from Jira to your Jenkins job workspace
- XrayImportFeatureBuilder Import feature files from Jenkins to Jira

(i) Generated syntax helper

For each of the steps mentioned above, you can check the generated syntax reference in the official Jenkins documentation website.

Step: XrayImportBuilder (import test execution results)

Parameter	Required?	Туре	Description	
serverInsta nce	Yes	String	The ID of the Jira instance configured in the Jenkins System Configuration	
endpointName	Yes	String	The result file type to be imported. Allowed Values: "" (Xray Json format) ""/multipart" (Xray JSON multipart format) "/cucumber" "/cucumber" "/behave" "/behave" "/behave/multipart" "/junit" "/junit" "/junitmultipart" "/nunit/multipart" "/robot" "/robot" "/robot" "/testng' "/testng/multipart" "/kunit" "/kunit" "/kunit" "/kunitmultipart" "/kunitmultipart" "/bundle" (import of zip file with several cucumber results) "/testng" "/testng/multipart" "/kunit" "/xunit" "/xunitmultipart" Please note that not all endpoints are available for Jira Sever/Cloud. Please refer to the REST API documentation to see what is available in your instance.	
projectKey	Yes	String	The Jira project key where you want to import your results	
importFileP ath	Yes	String	File path where the result files can be found.	
credentialId	Yes, if the Jira instance was configured without credentials in System Configuration	String	Credential ID from the Credentials plugin to be used to authenticate the Jira requests	
testEnviron ments	No	String	Test environments to be added to the Test Execution issue, seperated by ";".	
		0	1. This value will only be used if the endpointName is not multipart	
testPlanKey	No	String	All Tests will be added to the given Test Plan key, if provided. This value will only be used if the endpointName is not multipart	
fixVersion	No	String	Fix version to be added to the Test Execution issue.	
			1 This value will only be used if the endpointName is not multipart	
testExecKey	No	String	Key of the test Exeution issue to be updated. Leave empty to create a new issue with the import.	
			1 This value will only be used if the endpointName is not multipart	
revision	No	String	Source code and documentation version used in the test execution.	
			1 This value will only be used if the endpointName is not multipart	
importInfo	Yes, if multipart endpoint	String	File path to the Test Execution info file OR JSON String with the info.	
inputInfoSw itcher	Yes, if importInfo is being used	String	Allowed values: • "filePath" - if importInfo field is used and represents a file path • "fileContent" - if importInfo field is used and represents a JSON text	
testImportI nfo	No	String	File path to the Test info file.	
inputTestIn foSwitcher	Yes, if testImportInfo is being used	String	Allowed values: • "filePath" - if testImportInfo field is used and represents a file path • "fileContent" - if testImportInfo field is used and represents a JSON text	
importToSam eExecution	No	String	Allowed values: • "true" - to import all created tests and linked them to a single Test Execution issue • "" - link a Test Execution issue to every imported Test issue	

```
importInPar allel

No

String

Allowed values:

• "true" - to import all result files (if there are multiple) in parallel, in order to speed up the import process
• "" - to import all result files (if there are multiple) sequentially

stage('Import results to Xray') {
    steps {
        step([$class: 'XrayImportBuilder', endpointName: '/junit', importFilePath: 'java-junit-calc /target/surefire-reports/*.xml', importToSameExecution: 'true', projectKey: 'CALC', serverInstance: 'ecc67055-c359-40cb-8b8a-a44cb9f6ca30'])
    }
}
```

①

importInfo must comply with the same format as the Jira issue create/update REST API format

```
stage('Import results to Xray (multipart)') {
           steps {
               step([$class: 'XrayImportBuilder', endpointName: '/nunit/multipart', importFilePath: '/reports
/*.xml', importToSameExecution: 'true', projectKey: 'CALC', serverInstance: 'ecc67055-c359-40cb-8b8a-
a44cb9f6ca30', importInParallel: 'true', importInfo: '/info/my-test-exec-info.json', inputInfoSwitcher:
'filePath', inputTestInfoSwitcher: 'fileContent', testImportInfo: '''{
           "fields": {
              "project": {
                 "key": "CALC"
              "summary": "Test Execution for java junit ${BUILD_NUMBER}",
              "issuetype": {
                 "id": "9"
              "customfield_11807": [
                 "CALC-1200"
             1
          }
        }'''])
           }
        }
```

(1)

importInfo and testImportInfo must comply with the same format as the Jira issue create/update REST API format

Parameter	Required?	Туре	Description
serverInsta nce	Yes	String	The ID of the Jira instance configured in the Jenkins System Configuration
issues	Yes (not required if filter is used)	String	Xray Tests/Test Plans/Test Sets/Test Execution issue keys, seperated by ';'.
filter	Yes (not required if issues is used)	String	The Jira filter ID containing Xray Tests/Test Plans/Test Sets/Test Execution issues
filePath	No	String	The default value is "/features" File path where the feature files will be downloaded
credentialId	Yes, if the Jira instance was configured without credentials in System Configuration	String	Credential ID from the Credentials plugin to be used to authenticate the Jira requests
sta a44cb9f6ca3 }	age('Export feature files') { step([\$class: 'XrayExportBuilder', filter: '1234	5', ser	verInstance: 'ecc67055-c359-40cb-8b8a-

```
stage('Export feature files') {
    step([$class: 'XrayExportBuilder', issues: 'CALC-123;CALC-234;CALC-345', serverInstance: 'ecc67055-
c359-40cb-8b8a-a44cb9f6ca30', credentialId: '26dba0be-45ca-4ffd-b959-13dbd2410a82', filePath: 'my/feature
/folder'])
}
```

```
stage('Export feature files') {
    step([$class: 'XrayExportBuilder', issues: '${MY_ISSUE_KEYS}', filter: '${MY_FILTER_ID}', filePath:
'${MY_FILE_PATH}', serverInstance: 'ecc67055-c359-40cb-8b8a-a44cb9f6ca30', credentialId: '26dba0be-45ca-4ffd-b959-13dbd2410a82'])
}
```

Step: XrayImportFeatureBuilder (import cucumber features from Jenkins to Jira)

Parameter	Required?	Туре	Description
serverInst ance	Yes	String	The ID of the Jira instance configured in the Jenkins System Configuration
folderPath	Yes	String	This is the directory containing your feature files. All the files in this directory and sub directories will be imported.
credential Id	Yes, if the Jira instance was configured without credentials in System Configuration	String	Credential ID from the Credentials plugin to be used to authenticate the Jira requests
projectKey	Yes	String	This is the project where the Tests and Pre-Conditions will be created /updated.
testInfo	No	String	File path to the Test info file that will be used to create the new Test issues.
preconditi ons	No	String	File path to the Preconditions info file that will be used to create the new Precondition issues.
lastModifi ed	No	String	By entering an integer <i>n</i> here, only files that where modified in the last <i>n</i> hours will be imported. Leave empty if you do not want to use this parameter.

```
stage('Export feature files') {
    step([$class: 'XrayImportFeatureBuilder', credentialId: 'f5522808-5cfa-4cd4-8972-8059f80cb3ed',
folderPath: '/my/feature/folder', preconditions: '/path/to/precond/precondinfo.json', projectKey: 'CALC',
serverInstance: 'ecc67055-c359-40cb-8b8a-a44cb9f6ca30', testInfo: '/path/to/testInfo/tesinfo.json'])
}
```

(II)

Learn more

For Pipeline specific documentation, you may want to give a look at:

- https://jenkins.io/doc/book/pipeline/
- https://jenkins.io/doc/book/pipeline/syntax/#declarative-pipeline
- https://github.com/jenkinsci/pipeline-plugin/blob/master/TUTORIAL.md

Cucumber Workflow suggestions

Cucumber ("standard" workflow)

This is a declarative example, for Cucumber tests using the "standard" workflow (see Testing in BDD with Gherkin based frameworks (e.g. Cucumber)).

```
Jenkinsfile example (declarative)
pipeline {
   agent any
    stages {
       stage('Export features from Xray'){
                checkout([$class: 'GitSCM', branches: [[name: '*/master']], doGenerateSubmoduleConfigurations:
false, extensions: [], submoduleCfg: [], userRemoteConfigs: [[credentialsId: 'a3285253-a867-4ea7-a843-
da349fd36490', url: 'ssh://git@localhost/home/git/repos/automation-samples.git']]])
                step([$class: 'XrayExportBuilder', filePath: 'cucumber_xray_tests/features', filter: '11400',
serverInstance: '552d0cb6-6f8d-48ba-bbad-50e94f39b722'])
            }
        }
        stage('Test'){
            steps{
                sh "cd cucumber_xray_tests && cucumber -x -f json -o data.json"
        }
        stage('Import results to Xray') {
            steps {
                step([$class: 'XrayImportBuilder', endpointName: '/cucumber', importFilePath:
'cucumber_xray_tests/data.json', serverInstance: '552d0cb6-6f8d-48ba-bbad-50e94f39b722'])
            }
        }
}
```

Cucumber ("VCS/Git based" workflow)

This is a declarative example, for Cucumber tests using the "VCS/Git based" workflow (see Testing in BDD with Gherkin based frameworks (e.g. Cucumber)).

Jenkinsfile example (declarative)

```
pipeline {
   agent any
    stages {
        stage('Synch (update) recent tests to Xray'){
           steps {
               checkout([$class: 'GitSCM', branches: [[name: '*/master']], doGenerateSubmoduleConfigurations:
false, extensions: [], submoduleCfg: [], userRemoteConfigs: [[credentialsId: 'a3285253-a867-4ea7-a843-
da349fd36490', url: 'ssh://git@localhost/home/git/repos/automation-samples.git']]])
               step([$class: 'XrayImportFeatureBuilder', folderPath: 'cucumber_xray_tests/features',
lastModified: '10', projectKey: 'CALC', serverInstance: '552d0cb6-6f8d-48ba-bbad-50e94f39b722'])
           }
       stage('Export features from Xray'){
           steps {
               checkout([$class: 'GitSCM', branches: [[name: '*/master']], doGenerateSubmoduleConfigurations:
false, extensions: [], submoduleCfg: [], userRemoteConfigs: [[credentialsId: 'a3285253-a867-4ea7-a843-
da349fd36490', url: 'ssh://git@localhost/home/git/repos/automation-samples.git']]])
                sh "rm -rf cucumber_xray_tests/features"
                step([$class: 'XrayExportBuilder', filePath: 'cucumber_xray_tests/features', filter: '11400',
serverInstance: '552d0cb6-6f8d-48ba-bbad-50e94f39b722'])
           }
        }
       stage('Test'){
            steps{
                sh "cd cucumber_xray_tests && cucumber -x -f json -o data.json"
            }
        }
       stage('Import results to Xray') {
           steps {
               step([$class: 'XrayImportBuilder', endpointName: '/cucumber', importFilePath:
'cucumber_xray_tests/data.json', serverInstance: '552d0cb6-6f8d-48ba-bbad-50e94f39b722'])
           }
        }
    }
```

Using parameters

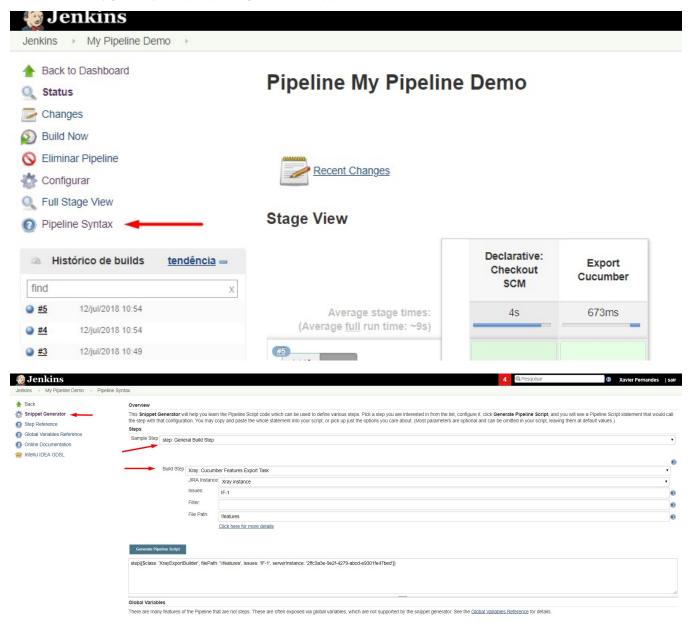
You can ask for human input in your pipeline builds by passing parameters

Parameters usage

```
pipeline{
   agent any
   parameters {
       string(defaultValue: "NTP", description: '', name: 'projectKey')
       string(defaultValue: "Android", description: '', name: 'env')
    stages {
       stage ('Import Results') {
            steps {
                step([$class: 'XrayImportBuilder',
                endpointName: '/junit',
                importFilePath: 'java-junit-calc/target/surefire-reports/*.xml',
                importToSameExecution: 'true',
                projectKey: params.projectKey,
                revision: params.projectKey + env.BUILD_NUMBER,
                serverInstance: '552d0cb6-6f8d-48ba-bbad-50e94f39b722',
                testEnvironments: params.env])
            }
        }
```

Recommendations

You can automatically generate your step scripts using the Jenkins Snippet Generator.



This is the simplest way to generate your step script, and we strongly recommend the use of this snippet due to the complexity of some task related parameters.

Jira instances configuration via Groovy script (Jenkins Script Console)

If you use a containerized version of Jenkins, or simply want to avoid creating the Jira configurations manually (using the Jenkins UI), you can use the following script in the *Jenkins Script Console*.

To use the script below, you just need to modify the contents of the instances and deleteOldInstances variables.

Create new Jira instances in Xray global configuration

```
import jenkins.model.Jenkins
import net.sf.json.JSONArray
import net.sf.json.JSONObject
import com.xpandit.plugins.xrayjenkins.model.HostingType
import com.xpandit.plugins.xrayjenkins.model.XrayInstance
import com.xpandit.plugins.xrayjenkins.model.ServerConfiguration
// true, if you want the old Jira instances removed, false otherwise.
boolean deleteOldInstances = false
/* Represents the Jira instances to be added to the Global Jenkins configuration.
  - name: the name of the Jira instance to be displayed to the users.
* - hostingType: must be one of two values. 'SERVER' for Server or Data Center instances OR 'CLOUD' for cloud
 * - url: [ONLY FOR SERVER INSTANCES] the base URL/IP of the Jira server address.
* - credentialId: [OPTIONAL] the credential ID from the 'Credentials' plugin that will be used to authenticate
the jira REST API requests.
JSONArray instances = [
       [
               name: 'my Jira server',
              hostingType: 'SERVER',
               url: 'http://example.com',
               plugin.
       ],
       [
              name: 'my Jira cloud',
              hostingType: 'CLOUD',
               credentialId: 'xxxxxxx-xxxx-xxxx-xxxx-xxxxx-xxxxx' // Credential ID from the 'Credentials'
plugin.
] as JSONArray
// ~~~ Saves the new Jira instances into the Jenkins global configuration ~~~
ServerConfiguration config = ServerConfiguration.get()
List<XrayInstance> xrayInstances = new ArrayList<XrayInstance>()
instances.each {instance ->
   String name = instance.optString('name', '')
   String hostingTypeString = instance.optString('hostingType', '')
   String url = instance.optString('url', '')
   String credentialId = instance.optString('credentialId', null)
   HostingType hostingType = hostingTypeString == 'CLOUD' ? HostingType.CLOUD : HostingType.SERVER
   xrayInstances.add(new XrayInstance(null, name, hostingType, url, credentialId))
}
List<XrayInstance> oldXrayInstances = config.getServerInstances()
if (!deleteOldInstances && oldXrayInstances != null) {
   xrayInstances.addAll(oldXrayInstances)
config.setServerInstances(xrayInstances)
config.save()
println('Xray Jira Instances created :)')
```

Troubleshooting

The build process is failing with status code 403

When you check the log, it has the following:



By default, when you successively try to log into Jira with the wrong credentials, the Jira instance will prompt you to provide a CAPTCHA the next time you try to log in. It is not possible to provide this information via the build process, so it will fail with status code **403 Forbidden**.

You will need to log into Jira via the browser and provide the CAPTCHA.



If you are a Jira administrator, you can go to Jira administration > User Management and reset the failed login.



The Jira xxx configuration of this task was not found

If you obtain this error, probably you have migrated from an old version of this plugin. You need to open each project/job configuration and save it.

TESTS

Renormany com. xpand.java.CalcTest

Tests run: 4, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0, Time elapsed: 0.046 sec - in com.xpand.java.CalcTest

Results:

Tests run: 4, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0

[INFO]

[INFO]

[INFO]

[INFO]

[INFO] Total time: 2.900 s

[INFO] Finished at: 2020-05-25T19:39:07+01:00

[INFO] Finished at: 2020-05-25T19:39:07+